



INTERNATIONAL TRENDS IN CROSS BORDER ELECTRICITY TRADE

THE USAID POWER CENTRAL ASIA ACTIVITY

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IEA FOUND THAT CROSS BORDER POWER TRADE:

- Allows economies of scale in supply and demand
- Enables larger resources to be developed
- Provides countries with access to cheap source of supply
- Improves energy security & lowers costs of balancing.



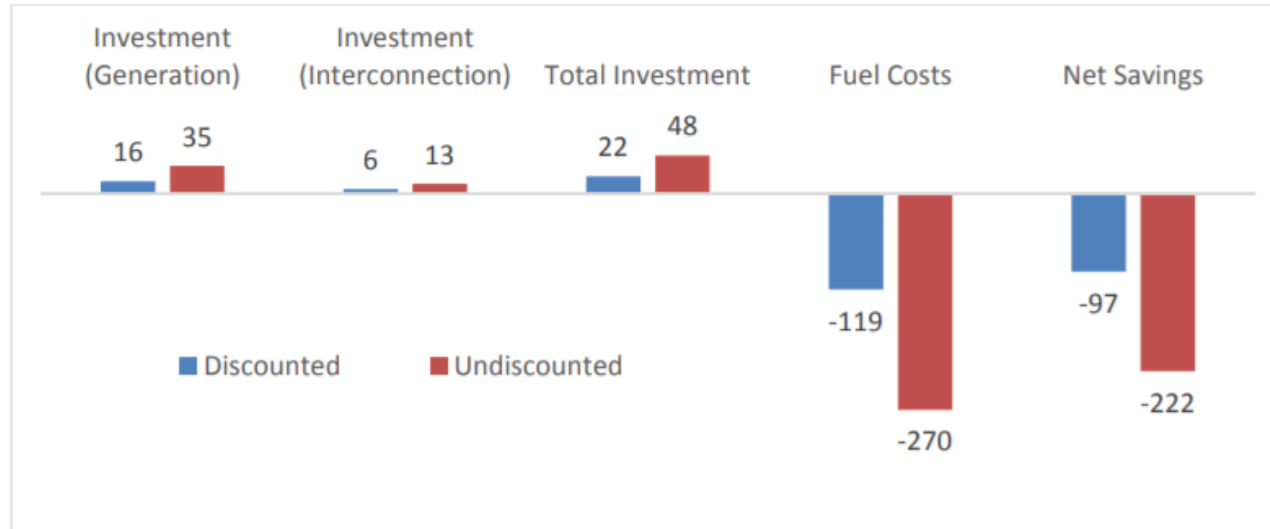
OFGEM'S "THE VALUE OF INTERNATIONAL ELECTRICITY TRADING" STUDY

- CBET improves efficiency of day ahead trading
- Commercial benefits are large compared to costs
- Arbitrage revenue for capacity trading with France & Netherlands > euro 300 million/year
- Total commercial value of Great Britain's largest interconnectors with France & Netherlands is euro 505 million/year
- Single Market of Ireland coupled with Great Britain in October 2018; efficiency of use of interconnection has improved. Earlier, power flows were in the wrong direction 50% of the time.

MANY STUDIES SHOW LARGE NET SAVINGS FROM CROSS BORDER ELECTRICITY TRADE (CBET)

World Bank: How Much Could South Asia Benefit from Regional Electricity Cooperation and Trade?

Figure 3: Change in cumulative costs from the baseline due to regional trade over the 2015-2040 period (Billion US\$)



COUNTRIES OFTEN HAVE LOAD PROFILES THAT ARE SEASONALLY COMPLEMENTARY

Figure 1: Seasonal complementarity in power systems in South Asia – Monthly Electricity Load Profiles across South Asian Grids

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Bangladesh	Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	Low	Low
India - North East	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High
Bhutan	High	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High
India - East	Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	Low	Low
Nepal	High	High	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High
India - North	High	High	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	Low	Low
India - West	High	High	High	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High
Pakistan	Low	Low	High	Low	Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High
India - South	High	High	High	High	Low	Low	Low	High	High	High	Low	High
				Low	Medium	High						

Sources: Authors' calculation based on CEA (2014) (India); Ali, Iqbal and Sharif (2013) (Pakistan); Kunwar (2014) (Nepal); Bangladesh Power Development Board (2013) (Bangladesh).

BENEFITS IN LATIN AMERICA

- World Bank found CBET between 20 LAC countries would increase trade by 29% and provide a \$2 billion economic gain
- SIEPAC regional transmission system found investment savings of \$1.4 billion; increase in regional CBET of 15%

Source: wita.org/atp-research/latin-america-cross-border-electricity

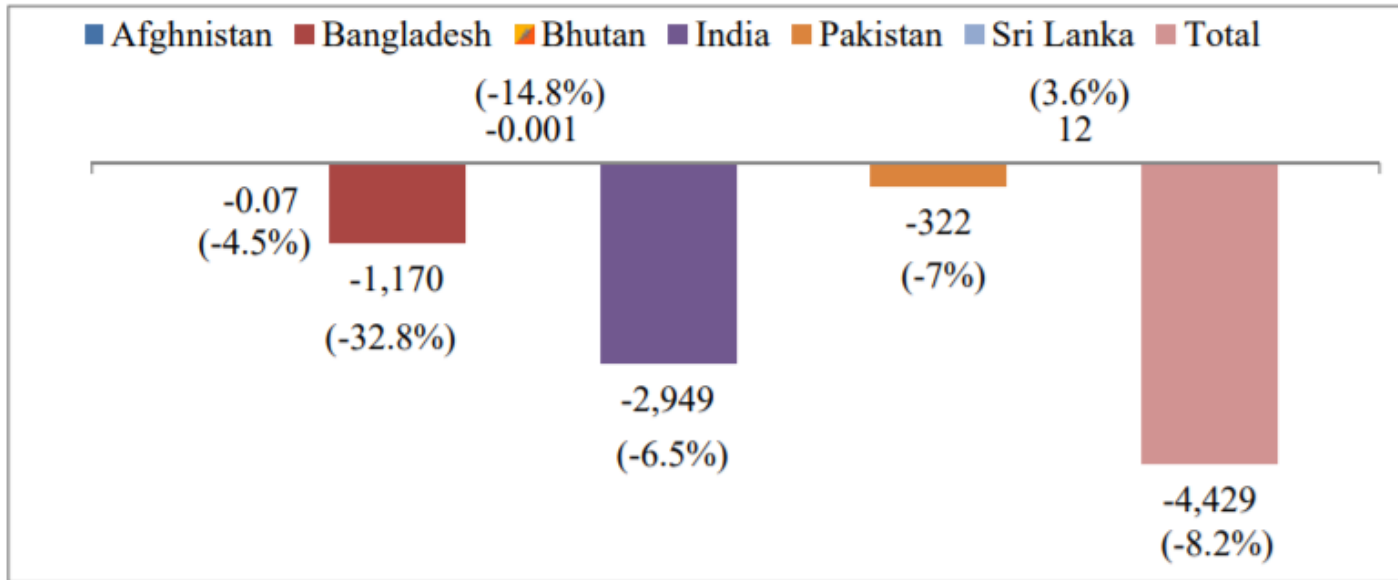


Source: Global Infrastructure Connectivity Alliance

CBET CAN ALSO REDUCE CARBON EMISSIONS

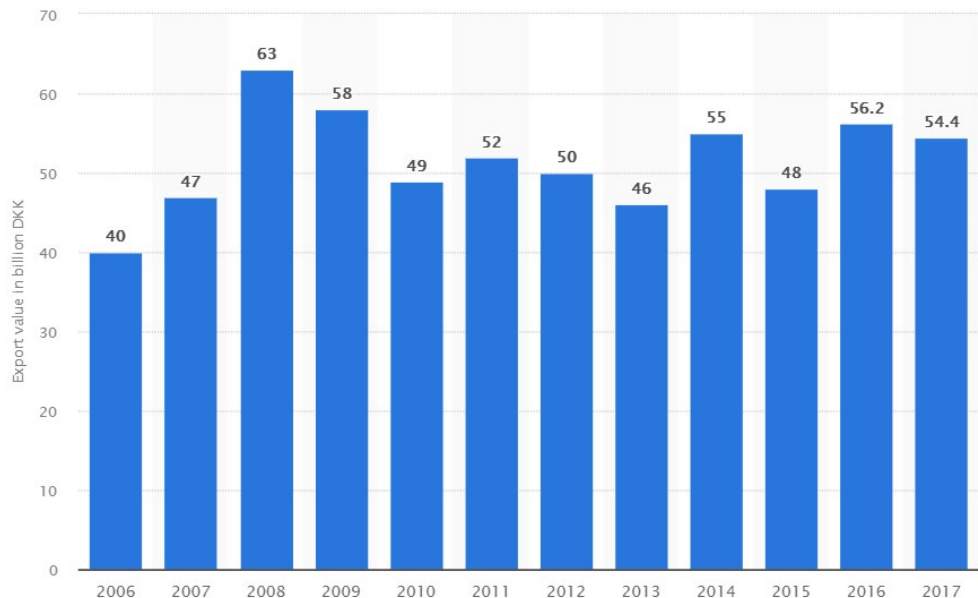
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Figure 5: Change in total CO₂ emissions due to the full regional trading over the 2015-2040 period, expressed in million tons and percentage



CBET ALLOWS OPTIMIZATION OF LOCAL RESOURCES: THE SWISS & DANISH EXAMPLES

- Switzerland has a summer production surplus of 1.8 to 7.3 TWh & winter deficit of 0.6 to 9.8 TWh. Summer production is exported; winter deficit is imported.
- Switzerland uses cheap night energy from Europe to fill pumped storage reservoirs.
- Hydro plants can provide high value flexibility services to neighbors
- Denmark's wind energy reached 135% of demand in 2013, and now a large percentage of wind generation is exported to neighbors
- In 2017, electricity exports were US\$ 8.4 billion



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Danish wind export revenues; Source: statista

WHY ARE RENEWABLES DRIVING CBET?

- Export of low-cost wind and solar
 - Solar reached US \$13/MWh in recent UAE auction, and US \$17 in Uzbekistan's auction
 - Average price in Chile's "round the clock" technology neutral auction was \$23.8/MWh
 - Average settlement price for Danish wind power in 2019: DKK 0.265 (US\$0.0396/EUR 0.0355) per kWh
- Need for more balancing energy & larger balancing areas
- Best resource locations often have more generation potential than local demand



Abu Dhabi solar plant; Source: Financial Tribune

FINAL THOUGHTS ON CBET & CLEAN ENERGY

- Allows trade in balancing & ancillary resources
- High value resources can provide large scale cheap energy
 - Wind from Kazakhstan
 - Solar from Uzbekistan & Turkmenistan
 - Hydro energy from Tajikistan & Kyrgyz Republic
- Makes resources available where they are more valuable
 - Hydro generation for flexibility
 - Wind for winter energy deficits
 - Solar for better reservoir management



ENI wind plant in Kazakhstan;
Source: ENI

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